

Sale of Fine Lingerie Waists

The hot season calls for the dainty lingerie waist. If you have worn the opera waist you know what they are in fit, quality, and workmanship.

THIS SALE TAKES THE ENTIRE STOCK.

\$7.50 and \$6.50 values \$4.95
\$5.00 values \$3.75
\$4.00 and \$3.50 values, . 2.75

Sizes 34 to 44. No Approvals

Cream Linen Suits, with black velvet collar and cuff. Very smart style, \$13.50 values, \$6.75.

THE M. M. WYKES CO.
2335 WASHINGTON AVE.

EYES

DO NOT GIVE UP THEIR SECRETS EASILY.

I have been a practicing optician in Utah for 20 years and if your eyes are giving you the least annoyance, I will tell you the secret.

Examinations free.

J. H. KNICKERBOCKER

OPTICIAN
WITH CRESCENT JEW.
ELRY CO.,
2463 Washington Ave.

SLAUGHTER HOUSES ARE CLEANER

Deputy State Dairy and Food Inspector H. C. Smith was in the city yesterday afternoon and a part of today, visiting the slaughter yards and the canneries in and about the city.

He states that conditions at the slaughter yards have improved since his last visit, but there is yet plenty of room for improvement.

No prosecutions will be instituted at this time as it is the opinion of the inspector that the owners of the yards are cleaning them as fast as they can. He says that all the slaughter house men are eager to get their places clean and keep them in that condition the balance of the year, and at all times.

The pea season is on at the canneries, says Mr. Smith, and everything to be seen now presents a good season. The pea crop is good this season and the canneries were never in better condition.

Mr. Smith says he has visited the Wasatch, the Star and the Morgan canneries, the only ones in operation in the state that are now producing. They are ready to do a big and profitable business. The Wasatch and Star canneries are in Weber county and the Morgan factory is at Morgan.

PETITIONING FOR PAVING DISTRICT

O. J. Skiffwell and P. Spidel, prominent property owners on Grant avenue, last evening petitioned the city council to declare the avenue a paving district from Twenty-fifth street to Thirtieth, and that the engineer be instructed to advertise notice of intention.

The matter was duly considered by the city fathers, but they concluded that, before having the engineer advertise, it would be wise to consider more fully the sentiments of other property owners on the avenue regarding the proposition. Thus viewing the matter, the question was referred to the street committee.

It is stated that if Grant avenue is paved between Twenty-fifth street and Thirtieth, it will become the driving boulevard of the city, much the same as Brigham street is the speedway of Salt Lake.

The committee will report in the near future.

ORACLE—ISIS—GLOBE—JOIE

The attendance at our Souvenir Matinees has increased wonderfully in the past few weeks on account of those beautiful Lace and Ribbon Trimmed three-piece suits of Ladies' Muslin Underwear. These are the most expensive gifts we have ever made and they are well worth trying for.

REMEMBER WE'VE ONLY A LIMITED NUMBER AND THEY'LL SOON BE GONE.

Two will be given away Wednesday at the ORACLE and two at the GLOBE. Thursday two will be given away at the ISIS.

Our pictures this week include some of the best features we have shown in a number of weeks.

We can guarantee you'll be pleased with the pictures in any of the four houses.

ELECTRIC FANS IN ALL HOUSES.

WANTS TO STOP THE CANYON CARS

J. D. Skeen Commences Action in District Court to Force the Ogden Rapid Transit Company to Accommodate Patrons of the Lewis Resort by Stopping the Cars at That Point.

The State of Utah in relation to J. D. Skeen vs. the Ogden Rapid Transit company, is the caption to an action begun in the district court, the purpose of which is to compel the Ogden Rapid Transit company to stop its cars running in Ogden canyon to the Hermitage, at what is known as "Lewis Resort."

When the Transit company built its road to the Hermitage it had trouble in getting a right-of-way over the Lewis property and the matter was carried to the courts, where Lewis was given a judgment for damages greater than the company was willing to pay by private agreement.

Since the operation of the road, a notice has been kept posted in the cars, advising passengers that the

cars would not stop between Peery's and the Hermitage, which meant that the Lewis Resort would not be accommodated with car service. The petition sets forth that there are something like twenty-five families spending the summer at the Lewis resort and that it is a great inconvenience to be deprived of the car service, and that J. D. Skeen has his family at that resort for the summer and needs the use of the Rapid Transit cars.

The petitioner asks that the court issue an alternative order citing the Rapid Transit company to either stop their cars at the Lewis Resort or appear in court and show cause why a permanent mandate should not issue from the court ordering the company to stop its cars there.

TWENTY TRAINS FOR THE FIGHT

Specials Will Begin to Pass Through Ogden for Reno the End of the Week—Even Royalty Will Be Represented at the Contest.

Supt. Thomas Rowlands of the Southern Pacific company has returned to Ogden from a tour of inspection over the division as far as Sparks, Nevada. He says that everything is now in readiness for the handling of the large number of fight specials to Reno. Arrangements have been made for the storing of the special trains, with engines and crews, on the side-tracks at Sparks and Reno. Owing to the limited hotel accommodations at Reno, it will be necessary for the fans going to the fight to live in their cars while in the Nevada town.

Many of the special trains to the fight, arranged prior to the moving of the fight from San Francisco to Reno, were for coast transportation. Since the changing of the place for the fight, the easterners have signified their intention of going to San Francisco with stopovers at Reno.

It is estimated that about twenty special trains will pass through Ogden in addition to the extra sections with private car parties that will be

run with the regular trains. Yesterday an English nobleman, traveling incognito with a companion, passed through Ogden en route to Reno. The man bore letters and passports from the English government as well as letters to the representatives of the English government in the United States, as well as other countries. His residence is given as Cairo, Egypt, which place he left shortly after the visit of Col. Roosevelt upon his coming out from the jungles of Africa. The Englishman's companion positively refused to comment on the identity of his friend, but with a laugh stated that the royal families of England as well as other countries of Europe would be represented at the ringside at the big fight.

The Wall Street special, which leaves New York on the night of June 30, will pass through Ogden Sunday en route to Reno. An attempt will be made to lower the hotel record. The train will be a palace on wheels.

NEW JUDGE IN POLICE COURT

Judge John E. Bagley was one the bench in the municipal court this morning as Judge pro tem. Judge Murphy has gone to Nevada on mining business and will not return until after July 4th.

The temporary judge dispatched the business of the court with marked fairness and ability, but justice was meted out in a way that was not altogether pleasing to some of the offenders. The "mourners' bench" was filled with alleged violators of the law, some of whom were on ordinary "drunk" sentence, having been in jail since June 24th awaiting a hearing.

Troy Martin, John Doe, Charles A. Hagard, John Chipp, Oscar Anderson and L. L. McElroy were charged with having been drunk on June 24th, the latter having furnished bail for his appearance in the sum of \$5, but he was not present to answer the charge. His bill was forfeited. The other men pleaded guilty and stood up for sentence. Inasmuch as the fellows had already served five days in the bastille awaiting a hearing in court, the court ordered that they be released.

John O'Neill and R. J. Clark pleaded guilty to the charge of drunkenness and they were sentenced to pay a fine of \$5 each or serve five days in the city jail at hard labor.

Michael Corcoran stated that he was guilty of disturbing the peace, but his explanation of the mixup in which he participated was so convincing to the judge that he was given a "ten-day fender." He said he would leave the city in a few days.

Henry Ward pleaded guilty to mendacity and was sentenced to pay a fine of \$5 or serve five days in the city bastille. The penalty would have been heavier, the court stated had it not been for the fact that the man already been in jail a number of days.

Earl and Henry Bitchicks stated to the court that they were unlawfully drunk, June 26th, and the court told

them they had better serve five days in jail or pay a fine of \$5.

Ward Miles, a young man of only 18 years, pleaded guilty to the charge of disturbing the peace. An investigation on the part of the court disclosed the fact that the young man had entered into a fistie encounter. Ford was also arrested and charged with disturbing the peace, furnishing bail in the sum of \$10 for his appearance. Miles said that his mother had furnished him money many times upon which to live, and that he had not done much work during the past six months. The court released the lad on probation, stating that he did not feel it would accomplish much good to fine the boy and cause his mother to spend the money to get him out of jail. The boy promised to do better in the future.

E. F. Pierce failed to make an appearance and answer the charge of violating the bicycle ordinance and his arrest was forfeited.

Atkin Williams forfeited \$5 bail for drunkenness, he not appearing in court.

Jack Turnbull had deposited \$10 bail for his appearance in court on the count of disturbing the peace, but he failed to appear and the bail was forfeited.

It cost Frank Lewler \$5 for being drunk, June 28. He pleaded guilty.

MAN GAVE AWAY HIS MONEY

Kid Carter, the colored lad who was arrested a few days ago on suspicion of "rolling" Victor Holt for \$200, was before Judge Bagley this morning on the charge of vagrancy and he told the story of his associations with Holt. He said that Holt offered him 75 cents to carry his grip to the depot and that he accepted the position of valet.

Holt was drinking heavily, the colored lad said, and he spent his money lavishly in all the saloons to the depot. He not only spent his money for whiskey, but he gave it away to the people who flocked around him. "Kid" said he stayed with the man

until he could see he would get him into trouble, when he placed the grip on the pavement and left Holt with a Swede friend.

"Nearly all the drunks you have in jail here this morning," the fellows that were brought in Saturday—got drunk on Holt's money," said the negro, and Holt's fellows got a number of dollars from him. He just gave it to them. He was giving it to everybody and he wanted to stop along the way and give money to ladies. I got scared, judge, and left him. I never did get the grip to the depot. He would change a \$20 gold piece over the bar and then put the change in his coat pocket. Why, he was a regular Nevada 'Scotty,' judge."

The court advised Kid that it would be well for him to spend five more days in the city jail and that maybe when he comes out he will be a little more careful about hanging around saloons.

SUITS COMMENCED IN LOWER COURT

In the civil division of the municipal court this morning Job Pingree commenced suit against Paul Van Kumen to recover the sum of \$68.05 alleged to be due for goods sold the defendant.

Drs. Rich and Osgood commenced suit against J. H. McElroy for \$15, claimed to be due for professional services.

The Russell-James company is suing U. Kariya for \$95.90 claimed to be due for goods sold the defendant.

NO POOL ROOM FOR PLAIN CITY

Thomas Singleton and others recently petitioned the county commissioners to grant them a license to conduct a pool and billiard hall at Plain City. A large number of the citizens of the little town protested against the granting of the license and the commissioners listened to their protest. No license was granted.

IMPORTANT CHANGE—EF-TWELVE JULY 1, 1910.

A twelve-minute car service will be operated on Twenty-fifth and Twenty-second streets, and Wall Avenue lines, giving a six-minute service between the Union Depot and Washington Avenue.

THE PUBLIC should co-operate with the company in maintaining this service by being at the proper place at the proper time, as time is limited and cars cannot wait.

OGDEN RAPID TRANSIT CO.
By J. W. BAILEY, Supt.

DEMOCRATS ARE TOO SLOW

The chairman of the Democratic central committee of Weber county, having failed to comply with the law requiring him to furnish a list of names from which to select judges of election, the commissioners proceeded to select citizens for that position at Hooper. The selection, it seems, did not suit the Democrats of that place, so they asked the commissioners to reconsider their appointments, but the commissioners do not consider such action necessary. They say they are not responsible for the neglect of the chairman of the Democratic party.

ARRAIGNMENT OF PORTER CHARLTON

New York, June 28.—With the arraignment today of Porter Charlton on the charge of murdering his wife in Italy, the case against the former bank clerk reaches a stage which is expected to result in definite progress towards its disposition.

Although the international aspect of the case is still involved in many intricacies, the preliminary court action places the matter in shape where it can better be handled by diplomatic agencies.

Copies of the Italian evidence of the crime are in the hands of Giuseppe Di Rosa, the Italian consular representative in New York. It was said also before the proceedings opened before Judge Blair, in Jersey City, that the Jersey authorities also had a copy of a dispatch sent by the Marquis Paolo DiMontegari, chargé d'affaires at the Italian embassy in Washington, to Secretary of State Knox on the day of Charlton's arrest, requesting the young man's extradition.

In reply, the Marquis was stated to have received a note from Secretary Knox in which it was intimated that if Charlton was given up, Italy would hereafter be expected to consent to the extradition of Italians who commit serious crimes in America and flee to Italy.

The further exchanges reported in this connection have not yet resulted in a declaration on the part of the Italian government to commit itself to any such proposition on the ground that an Italian penal code provision of a later date than the extradition treaty with the United States provided that no Italian subject accused of crime should be tried outside of his own country. Italy was said to have made no reply to the state department's rejoinder that an international treaty should take precedence over a national law.

ROOSEVELT IN BOSTON.

Boston, June 28.—Co. Theodore Roosevelt arrived in Boston at 2:05 this afternoon. He left the train at the Back Bay station and entered an automobile with Secretary J. D. Greene of Harvard, was taken to Cambridge, where he became the guest of president Lowell of the university.

TOM LYON IS DRUNK AND OUT \$40

While the hall of Tom Lyon in police court was being declared forfeited for drunkenness, he was stretched out in the desk sergeant's office under the influence of a new drunk. Tom was dead to the world and his pockets were rifled of every cent.

Lyon furnished bail yesterday for his release on the charge of being "unlawfully drunk," and was sent out of the station with something over \$40 in his pockets. He was brought back this morning dead drunk and with but only a few dollars left. He was so drunk that he had to be dragged to his cell. While his bail of yesterday was being forfeited, he was being charged with another "unlawful drunk."

King Edward's Funeral in Moving Pictures at the Globe

Again the world's latest and greatest educational invention slave the invention of the printing press, the moving picture shows, with its reach of everyone a scene of surpassing grandeur in the wonderful pageant of Edward's funeral.

The greatest assembly of royalty of Europe, of military display, of uniformed ranks ever known in Europe meets the eye in realistic view. The grand scene of Europe walk behind the bier of this great monarch while millions with bowed heads watch the silent procession pass. It is a scene never to be forgotten. You will be a loser if you miss seeing this wonderful picture.

YOUNG MAN IS FINED \$100

In the municipal court this morning, G. W. Dalton, a big strapping young man, capable of making a good living at hard labor at any time and in any country, pleaded guilty to stealing a bicycle belonging to N. C. Peterson, of the value of \$20. The offense is alleged to have been committed June 27th.

In passing sentence, the court stated that he could not understand why a man of so fine a physique should get into petty stealing, and the court was at a loss to know just what punishment to give in such a case, but the sentence finally given was that the defendant pay a fine of \$100 or serve one hundred days in the city jail, at hard labor.

"Haven't you anything to say about this matter," said the judge to Dalton. "Is there no explanation why a big, fine looking man as yourself commits an offense of this sort? I wish you would explain yourself to the court."

"I have nothing," said the judge, "said the defendant, 'except that I was drunk.'"

"We have positive evidence that he was not drunk," your honor, interposed City Attorney Devine, "and we insist that this man be given a severe sentence. Petty stealing in the city must be stopped in some way and we feel that your honor can do much to ward checking it in the pronouncing of the penalties. Bicycle stealing is altogether too frequent in the city and it has become a menace to the better interests here. There are a class of fellows in this town, and the defendant is one of them, that thinks nothing of taking a man's wheel from the curb and doing with it as he pleases."

The extreme penalty for petit larceny is \$300 or three hundred days' confinement in jail, but the court stated that the sentence of \$100 was pronounced that he hardly felt it necessary to give the maximum sentence.

A DOCTOR'S EXPERIENCE.

Medicine Not Needed in This Case. That coffee does not convince some people that coffee does not hurt. They lay their bad feelings to almost every cause but the true and unsuspected one.

But the doctor knows. His wide experience has proven to him that, to some persons, coffee is an insidious poison that undermines the health.

Ask the doctor if coffee is the cause of constipation, stomach and nervous troubles.

"I have been a coffee drinker all my life. I am now 42 years old, and when taken sick two years ago with indigestion, the doctor said that my nervous system was broken down and that I would have to give up coffee."

"I got so weak and shaky I could not work and reading your advertisement of Postum, I asked my grocer if he had any of it. He said 'Yes,' and that he used it in his family and it was all it claimed to be."

"So I quit coffee and commenced to use Postum steadily and found in about two weeks' time I could sleep soundly at night and get up in the morning feeling fresh. In about two months I began to gain flesh. I weighed only 146 pounds when I commenced on Postum, and now I weigh 167 and feel better than I did at 20 years of age."

"I am working every day and sleep well at night. My two children were great coffee drinkers, but they have not drunk any since Postum came into the house, and are far more healthy than they were before."

Read "The Road to Wellville," found in pkgs. "There's a Reason." Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Shop early sale

HERE'S a new idea--a good one--we're going to make early shopping profitable. Next Monday is July Fourth--of course we close all day. Saturday night we close at seven. In order to get shoppers out early we're planning a "4th of July Sale"--to begin Wednesday morning and to end Saturday at noon.

Remember the store is open till seven o'clock Saturday night, but the inducements which we tell you of in this space tomorrow night are in effect until Saturday noon only.

Don't fail to see how we reward you for early shopping.

WRIGHTS

COMMUNICATION TO THE COUNCIL

A communication from Secretary Kennedy of the Ogden Chamber of Commerce was presented at the city council last evening and was about to have been read by Clerk Allison, when Councilman Flygare moved that the matter be laid over until another time. The motion was unanimously carried and the communication was therefore dropped for the time being.

A copy of the paper, however, was furnished this paper and is as follows:

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council of Ogden City, Utah: Gentlemen—On June 11th the writer hereof, under the instructions from the Chamber of Commerce, sent you a communication regarding the city's water rights in Taylor's canyon, Strongs and Water fall canyons, and South Fork, which communication was presented June 12th in the city council and referred to the mayor and city attorney.

We have since received a letter from the city recorder having attached thereto a copy of the mayor's report to the council from which it appears that by agreement the city attorney was to report on South Fork and Taylor's canyon and the mayor was to report concerning the city's water rights in Strongs' and Waterfall canyons.

We are sorry to note that the mayor saw fit in his report to be funny at our expense. We are sorry, (1) Because it hurts our feelings, (2) Because it was not a dignified report for our mayor to make.

(3) Because it does not put any more water in that new cement-lined reservoir.

Before receiving a copy of the report we had a chance to read it in the mayor's own paper together with his own approving editorial comments. It is not a difficult matter to see that the report broadly conveyed to the Chamber of Commerce not to "intrude itself into public affairs," and the suggestion is openly made that before approaching the city officials we should first look them up quietly and informally and confer with them unofficially.

I take liberty in behalf of the Chamber of Commerce of respectfully declining both the hint and the suggestion, not because they are coupled with a "lesson on officiousness," but because we believe that public business should be transacted openly and above board, and that the city's interest in the water rights of the citizens to make their wishes and demands known to the council.

The "right of petition" is expressly granted in the constitution of the United States. It is reaffirmed in the constitution of Utah. It is provided for in the constitution of Utah and in the Charter of Ogden City.

Any citizen or association of citizens has a right to send in a dozen communications, petitions, suggestions, complaints, or criticisms, at each and every meeting of the city council, if he, or they, think best, and each communication must, or should, be disposed of on its own merits, and not made the basis of sarcastic rejoinders by officials.

If there is any right of the citizens that is more clearly defined by the constitution than any other it is the right to know what the city is doing, what they are doing, and what they intend to do in transacting public business.

Again, it was long ago settled that public officials must answer the inquiries of citizens, not grudgingly or with sarcastic comment, but cheerfully and with courtesy.

In his report the mayor states that eight years ago the city's rights in Strongs and Waterfall canyons were "permanently adjusted" by an agreement which was "entered into the form of a deed" by the city council, by which decree Mr. T. W. Horn and the Strong company and Water Fall Irrigation company were to have "free and undisputed right" to use the city's water, amounting to nearly one-third of the total flow of the two streams "until such time as the city of Ogden should want to use the water."

We already know all that and the purpose of our communication of June 11th was clearly stated when we said that "there now seems to be a doubt as to whether the city has any interest there at all."

Eight years is a long time when water rights are involved. During these eight years neither Mr. Horn nor the Irrigation company has paid a cent of rent for the use of the water, nor have they in any manner publicly recognized the city's rights or acknowledged that they were lessees of the city's water.

The important thing in this matter is not whether the Chamber of Commerce has been in a Rip Van Winkle sleep for eight years, but whether the city has slept on its rights for eight years, and allowed those rights,

worth at least \$20,000, to pass into other hands.

Why not tell these people that "the city wants to use the water," and see what they will do about it?

One-third the flow from those two canyons would look pretty good in that new reservoir.

If it would be too costly to lay a pipe line to the new reservoir, here is another suggestion.

At the corner of 29th and Monroe the city owns ten acres, reserved for a city park. It is all under the Strong company's canal. Why not plow and furrow out to that ten acres and give the June grass a good watering?

It would be a cheap and rapid method of finding out whether the city had any water rights out there. If they allow the city to use the time or one-third of the stream all the time, then the city has a water right that it can enter in its ledger at not less than \$20,000.

If they refuse to allow the city to use the water then the city rights will have to be permanently adjusted again by another decree from the courts.

Or another plan just ask Mr. Horn and the Irrigation company to each pay the city one dollar as rental for the use of "the water owned by Ogden City" during the "year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and ten" and see what, if anything, happens.

If they refuse to pay one dollar ask them if they are willing to pay one cent, and carefully note the results. If they refuse you can then sue them for the back rent.

Before writing the communication of June 11th, I had heard the president of the Strong's canyon and material Irrigation company, speaking as a citizen, not as an official of his company, express the fear that the city had lost its rights in the flow from the two canyons. After reading the mayor's report I think so too.

In one of the daily papers appears a note as to what the city attorney has to report regarding the status of the suit involving the water rights in Taylor's canyon, which suit and water rights were inherited from the old Ogden Water Works company of Baker City, Oregon.

He says, at least the reporter says he says, that the suit is in the hands of a specially appointed attorney and that he "had every confidence that the matter would be attended to with care and dispatch."

As the case has been pending for about three years without being brought to trial I wonder how optimistic the city attorney would have been if it had been six years since the suit was started.

The writer of this has confidence in the city attorney's ability to do things. He was the first city attorney to find a legal method by which Ogden City could buy back the waterworks. He ought to achieve still further fame by writing his name in the history of Ogden as the first city attorney to win a lawsuit for the city involving water rights.

With two city attorneys on the payroll the need of a special attorney is certainly not apparent.

Respectfully,
O. KENNEDY,
For the Chamber of Commerce,
June 27th, 1910.

WANTS EQUITABLE RATES FOR OGDEN

Mayor Glasman is of the opinion that the Ogden public is being discriminated against by the Bamberger road in the matter of rates between Salt Lake and Ogden and Ogden and Lagoon.

In a communication to the city council last evening the mayor stated that the present rate made by the Bamberger company between Ogden and Farmington is \$1.30 while between Salt Lake and Farmington the distance being about the same, the rate is only 60 cents.

The communication further stated that if the Bamberger company does not see fit to grant a more reasonable and equitable rate between these three points, steps should be taken toward revoking the company's franchise.

The matter will be carefully investigated by the council and a report will be made.

FIREWORKS TO BE ALLOWED

The matter of a same or insane "4th" came up for discussion at council meeting last evening and it was decided to allow the "rising generation" an opportunity to burn their fireworks and crackers anywhere within the city limits provided it is outside the so-called fire limits.

The apparent reason for the council's action was the alleged fact that the Shupe-Williams Candy company has a large stock of fireworks and other Fourth of July explosives, which a petition was received from the company setting forth the facts regarding the stock on hand and after a brief discussion Councilman Flygare moved that fireworks be allowed anywhere outside the fire limits. Councilman Austin stated that he was outside the fire limits but that he preferred that certain places be designated where fireworks might be shot with safety and amended to have the matter referred to the mayor and fire committee. There being no second to the amendment and Councilman Flygare's motion was carried.

CORRUPT METHODS ARE DENOUNCED

PEORIA, Ill., June 27.—With a general denunciation of corrupt methods, alleged to have been practiced in the legislature of Illinois in recent years between three and four hundred citizens from all parts of the state assembled here today and formed a temporary organization to repair "the breakdown" of representative government.

Senator Jonathan Bourne of Oregon addressed an audience of several hundred people at the Majestic theater, to remedy the Oregon method of electing United States Senators was discussed.

The conference of Illinois citizens follows recent